

En bedding the ELPS With E's: HIGH SCHOOL SOCIAL STUDIES

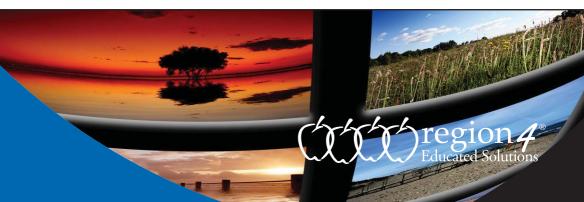


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Explore

The purpose of the Explore phase is to provide the reader an opportunity to become directly involved with a lesson developed to make the academic content and language accessible to English language learners.



Become familiar with the lesson components while completing the scavenger hunt for the lesson that follows.

Scavenger Hunt

Lesson Feature	Page(s)	Purpose
Content Objective		
Lesson Vocabulary		
Highly Effective Instructional Strategies		
English Language Proficiency Standards		
Materials		
Advance Preparation		
Mode(s) of Instruction		
Scaffolding Question		
Tips		

Lesson Implications

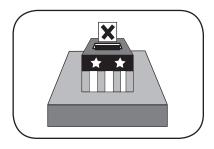
After examining the lesson features and each phase of the lesson, reflect on the following questions, which speak to long-term ramifications for instruction:

- How do the tools and strategies embedded in the lesson make content comprehensible for ELLs?
- Which of the tools and strategies embedded in the lesson would be helpful for non-ELLs?
- How does the 5E model impact students and teachers?
- How do the ELPS cross-curricular second language acquisition strategies align with content objectives?
- What is the value of utilizing high-yield instructional strategies with ELLs?

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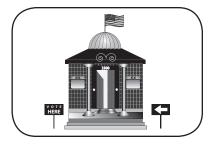
Instructional Plan at a Glance

	Title of Activity	Mode of Instruction	Materials
Engage	Student simulation	Independent Groups of two to four students	 Dictionary in students' native language(s) Ballot box (empty shoebox with a hole cut out of the lid) Ballot (1 per eligible voter) Chart paper Four corner signs Sticky notes
H		Whole-class discussion	
Explore	Visual Analysis Organizer	Groups of three students	 Dictionary in students' native language(s) Chart paper, butcher paper, or poster board Markers, map pencils, or crayons Question strips (1 per group) 10–12 graphics of various political events showing examples of voting, protesting, boycotting, rioting, government officials signing bills into law, college students, civil rights marches, suffragettes, and polling booths (provide current, historical, and multicultural graphics) (1 set per group) Optional: If time and resources permit, allow students to search the Internet for graphics to represent their answers. If students locate their own graphics, scissors and glue or tape should be made available. Student instructions (1 per student or group) Visual Analysis Organizer (1 per group) Slide show of graphics demonstrating the issues associated with people exercising their political rights
Explain	Gallery walk 20th-Century Amendments	Same groups	 Graphics from the Explore phase Placards (1 set per group) Suffrage Amendments (1 per student) Student journal/notebook (optional) Video
Elaborate	Amendment Summary	New groups of four students	 Textbook or other alternative text Placards of the original text of the 19th, 24th, and 26th Amendments
Evaluate	Evaluate	Independent for select response New groups of three students for the performance assessment	



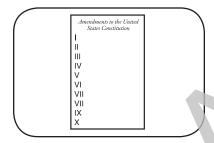
Vote —

Definition: To make a choice. Synonym: Choose Sentence: In 2008 Barack Obama received 53% of the popular vote to become President of the United States of America.



Political Rights — /Po/li/ti/cal//Rights/

Definition: Privileges as a human being or citizen to participate in government. Synonym: Unalienable rights Sentence: The women who participated in the suffrage movement felt their political rights were being suppressed.



Amendment -

Definition: A change to a written work. Synonym: Change, adjustment, modification, revision Sentence: There are 27 Amendments to the United States Constitution.



_____/A/mend/ment/

-/Vote/

Definition: The state of being the same or equal. Synonym: Fairness, sameness Sentence: The French motto is liberty, equality, fraternity.

Sample Lesson 3: Causes of the French Revolution

